CURRICULUM VITAE

Name:	Matthew S. Stanford	
Department Address:	Department of Psychology and Neuroscience Baylor University One Bear Place # 97334 Waco, TX 76798-7334	
Home Address:	614 Salt Flats Circle Waco, TX 76712	
Telephone:	(254) 366-2737 (Cell) (254) 710-2236 (Office) (254) 710-3033 (Fax)	
e-mail:	matthew_stanford@baylor.edu	
Date of Birth:	February 7, 1966; Houston, TX	

EDUCATION

1992	Ph.D., Behavioral Neuroscience (Minor in Statistics)		
	Baylor University, Waco, TX		
	Emphasis in the biological basis of personality.		
	Dissertation: Multi-impulsivity within an adolescent psychiatric population.		
1990	M.A., Experimental Psychology		
	Baylor University, Waco, TX		
	Emphasis in teratology.		
	Master's Thesis: Effects of Promethazine HCl administration to gravid rats on		
	development, activity level and avoidance of painful stimuli in offspring.		
1988	B.S. Psychology		

1988 B.S., Psychology Baylor University, Waco, TX Emphasis in neuroscience and statistics.

ACADEMIC POSITIONS

Aug. 03 – Present	Professor	Baylor University
		Department of Psychology and Neuroscience
		Doctoral Program Director 05-11
Aug. 99 – Aug. 03	Associate Professor	University of New Orleans
		Department of Psychology
		Department Chair 00-03
		Doctoral Program Director 97-00
Aug. 94 – Aug. 99	Assistant Professor	University of New Orleans
		Department of Psychology
Jan. 93 – Aug. 94	Postdoctoral Fellow	University of Texas Medical Branch
		Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

American Psychological Association (APA) – Member Association for Psychological Science (APS) – **Fellow**

EDITORIAL AND REVIEW ACTIVITIES

Mental Health Section Editor Journal of Family and Community Ministries

Editorial Board Behavioral Sciences and the Law

Special Issue Editor
Behavioral Sciences and the Law
Impulsivity and the Law (2008, Volume 26, Number 6)
Violent and Antisocial Behavior in Women (2011, Volume 29, Number 5)
Violent and Antisocial Behavior in Women: Part II (2012, Volume 30, Number 5)
Perspectives on Science and Christian Faith
Psychology, Neuroscience and Issues of Faith (2010, Volume 62, Number 2)

Ad Hoc reviewer for the following journals: Biological Psychiatry Brain and Cognition Cognitive Brain Research International Journal of Psychophysiology Journal of Abnormal Psychology Journal of Personality and Social Psychology Mental Health, Religion and Culture Neuroscience Letters Personality and Individual Differences Personality Disorders: Theory, Research and Treatment Perspectives on Science and Christian Faith Progress in Neuropsychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry Psychiatry Research Psychiatry Research: Neuroimaging

PRESENT RESEARCH INTERESTS

- 1. Clinical assessment and treatment of impulsive and aggressive behavior
- 2. Psychology and issues of faith
- 3. Trauma and posttraumatic stress disorder

GRANTS AND CONTRACTS AWARDED

Federal

Root Cause of Post-Traumatic and Developmental Stress Disorders. Department of Defense, Military Operational Research Program, Co-I, 2007-2012.

Development of an Impulsive Aggression Identification Process. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons, PI, Contract # DJBCOB0043, 2004-2005.

Private Foundations

The Effects of Phenytoin (Dilantin) on Impulsive and Aggressive Behavior. Dreyfus Charitable Foundation, PI, 2013-2014.

Baylor Substance Abuse and Dependence Educational Program. Baylor / Waco Foundation, Co-I, 2008-2009.

The Effects of Phenytoin in Impulsive Aggressive Individuals: Replication, Mechanism and Clinical Usefulness. Dreyfus Health Foundation, PI, 1998-2006.

Neuropsychological and Cognitive Psychophysiological Comparison of Brain Injured and Non-Brain Injured Impulsive Aggressors. PI, Wacker Foundation, 1997-1998.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

I. Publications:

- 1. Helfritz-Sinville, L. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (*in press*). Looking for trouble? Processing of physical and social threat words in impulsive and premeditated aggression. *Psychological Record*.
- 2. Yuvarajan, E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (*in press*). Clergy perceptions of sexual assault victimization. *Violence against Women*.
- 3. Ross, H. E. and Stanford, M. S. (2014). Training and education of North American

M.Div. students in relation to serious mental illness. *Journal of Research in Christian Education*, 23, 176-186.

- 4. Breuninger, M., Dolan, S. L., Padilla, J. I. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). Psychologists and clergy working together: A collaborative treatment approach for religious clients. *Journal of Spirituality in Mental Health*, *16*, 149-170.
- Lake, S. L., Stanford, M. S. and Patton, J. H. (2014). Emotional processing and frontal asymmetry in impulsive aggressive individuals. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 70, 131-135.
- 6. Babcock, J. C., Sharp, C., Tharp, A. L. T., Heppner, W. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). Similarities and differences in impulsive/premeditated and reactive/proactive bimodal classifications of aggression. *Aggression and Violent Behavior*, *19*, 251-262.
- 7. Helfritz-Sinville, L. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). Hostile attribution bias in impulsive and premeditated aggression. *Personality and Individual Differences*, *56*, 45-50.
- 8. **Stanford, M. S.**, Elverson, T. M., Padilla, J. I. and Rogers, E. B. (2014). Feasibility and efficacy of a peer led group recovery program for war-related trauma in Libya. *South African Journal of Psychology*, *44*, 98-106.
- Rogers, E. B., Yuvarajan, E. and Stanford, M. S. (2013). The clergy-psychologist relationship: Suggestions for building an interprofessional collaboration. *Journal of Family and Community Ministries*, 26. Retrieved from http://www.familyandcommunityministries.org.
- Felthous, A. R., Lake, S. L., Rundle, B. K. and Stanford, M. S. (2013). Pharmacotherapy of impulsive aggression: A quality comparison of controlled studies. *International Journal of Law and Psychiatry*, *36*, 258-263.
- Steinberg, L., Sharp, C., Stanford, M. S. and Tharp, A. T. (2013). New tricks for an old measure: The development of the Barratt Impulsiveness Scale – Brief (BIS-Brief). *Psychological Assessment*, 25, 216-226.
- 12. Breuninger, M. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2013). A practical guide to meeting the needs of the mentally ill in the local church. *Healing Ministry*, *19*, 5-11.
- Soeiro-de-Souza, M. G., Stanford, M. S., Bio, D. S., Machado-Vieira, R. and Moreno, R. A. (2013). The COMT Met¹⁵⁸ allele is associated with trait impulsivity in healthy young adults. *Molecular Medicine Reports*, 7, 1067-1072.
- 14. **Stanford, M. S.** and Felthous, A. R. (2012). Introduction to this issue: Violent and antisocial behavior in women Part II. *Behavioral Sciences and the Law*, *30*, 537.
- 15. Anderson, N. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2012). Demonstrating emotional processing difference in psychopaths using affective ERP modulation. *Psychophysiology*, 49, 792-

806.

- Rogers, E. B., Stanford, M. S., Dolan, S. L., Clark, J., Martindale, S. L., Lake, S. L., Baldridge, R. M. and Sejud, L. R. (2012). Helping people without homes: Simple steps for psychologists seeking to change lives. *Professional Psychology: Research and Practice*, 43, 86-93.
- 17. Rogers, E. B., **Stanford, M. S.** and Garland, D. R. (2012). The effects of mental illness on families within faith communities. *Mental Health, Religion and Culture, 15*, 301-313.
- 18. Lake, S. L. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). Comparison of impulsive and premeditated female perpetrators of intimate partner violence. *Partner Abuse*, *2*, 284-299.
- 19. **Stanford, M. S.** and Felthous, A. R. (2011). Introduction to this issue: Violent and antisocial behavior in women. *Behavioral Sciences and the Law*, 29, 621-622.
- 20. Anderson, N. E., **Stanford, M. S.**, Wan, L. and Young, K. A. (2011). High psychopathic trait females exhibit reduced startle potentiation and increased P3 amplitudes. *Behavioral Sciences and the Law*, *29*, 649-666.
- Anderson, N. E., Baldridge, R. M. and Stanford, M. S. (2011). P3a amplitude predicts successful treatment program completion in substance dependent individuals. *Substance Use and Misuse*, 46, 669-677.
- Vaccarino, A. L., Sills, T., Anderson, K., Borowsky, B., Coccaro, E., Craufurd, D., Endicott, J., Giuliano, J., Groves, M., Guttman, M., Ho, A. K., Kupchak, P., Paulsen, J., Stanford, M. S., van Kammen, D. P., Watson, D., Wu, K. and Evans, K. (2011). Assessing behavioral symptoms prior to clinical diagnosis of Huntington disease: "Anger and Irritability" and "Obsessions and Compulsions". *PLoS Currents: Huntington Disease*, Jun 10, Edition 1, doi: 10.1371/currents.RRN1241.
- 23. Gartner, A. M, Dolan, S. L., **Stanford, M. S.** and Elkins, G. R. (2011). Hypnosis in the treatment of Morgellons disease: A case study. *International Journal of Clinical and Experimental Hypnosis*, 59, 242-249.
- 24. Stanford, M. S. and Philpott, D. (2011). Baptist senior pastors' knowledge and perceptions of mental illness. *Mental Health, Religion and Culture*, 14, 281-290.
- 25. Anderson, N. E., Wan, L., Young, K. A. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). Psychopathic traits predict startle habituation but not modulation in an emotional faces task. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 50, 714-716.
- 26. Teten, A. L., Sharp, C., **Stanford, M. S.**, Lake, S. L., Raine, A. and Kent, T. A. (2011). Correspondence of aggressive behavior classifications among young adults using the

Impulsive/Premeditated Aggression Scale and the Reactive Proactive Questionnaire. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 50, 279-285.

- 27. Teten, A. L., Miller, L. A., Stanford, M. S., Petersen, N. J., Bailey, S. D., Collin, R. L., Dunn, N. J. and Kent, T. A. (2010). Aggressive subtypes, anger, hostility and posttraumatic stress disorder among veterans. *Military Medicine*, 175, 405-410.
- Wan, L., Baldridge, R. M., Colby, M. A. and Stanford, M. S. (2010). Association of P3 amplitude to treatment completion in substance dependent individuals. *Psychiatry Research*, 177, 223-227.
- 29. Felthous, A. R., Weaver, D., Evans, R., Braik, S., **Stanford, M. S.**, Johnson, R., Metzger, C., Brazil, A. and Barratt, E. S. (2009). Assessment of impulsive aggression in patients with severe mental disorders and demonstrated violence: Inter-rater reliability of rating instruments. *Journal of Forensic Sciences*, *54*, 1470-1474.
- 30. Wan, L. Baldridge, R. M., Colby, M. A. and Stanford, M. S. (2009). Enhanced intensity dependence and aggression history indicate previous regular ecstasy use in abstinent polydrug users. *Progress in Neuropsychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry*, 33, 1484-1490.
- Stanford, M. S., Anderson, N. E., Lake, S. L. and Baldridge, R. M. (2009). Pharmacological treatment for impulsive aggression with antiepileptic drugs. *Current Treatment Options in Neurology*, 11, 383-390.
- 32. **Stanford, M. S.**, Mathias, C. W., Dougherty, D. M., Lake, S. L., Anderson, N. E. and Patton, J. H. (2009). Fifty years of the Barratt Impulsiveness Scale: An update and review. *Personality and Individual Differences*, *47*, 385-395.
- 33. **Stanford, M. S.** and Felthous, A. R. (2008). Introduction to this issue: Impulsivity and the law. *Behavioral Sciences and the Law*, *26*, 671-673.
- Gulec, H., Tamam, L., Gulec, M. Y., Turhan, M., Karakus, G., Zengin, M. and Stanford, M. S. (2008). Psychometric properties of the Turkish version of the Barratt Impulsiveness Scale-11. *Bulletin of Clinical Psychopharmacology*, 18, 251-258.
- 35. **Stanford, M. S.**, Houston, R. J. and Baldridge, R. M. (2008). Comparison of impulsive and premeditated perpetrators of intimate partner violence. *Behavioral Sciences and the Law*, 26, 709-722.
- 36. Haden, S. C., Scarpa, A. and Stanford, M. S. (2008). Validation of the Impulsive/Premeditated Aggression Scale in college students. *Journal of Aggression*, *Maltreatment and Trauma*, 17, 352-373.
- 37. **Stanford, M. S.** and McAlister, K. R. (2008). Perceptions of serious mental illness in the local church. *Journal of Religion, Disability and Health*, *12*, 144-153.

- 38. Kockler, T. R. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2008). Using a clinically aggressive sample to examine the association between impulsivity, executive functioning, and verbal learning and memory. *Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology*, *23*, 165-173.
- 39. Conklin, S. M. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2008). Premeditated aggression is associated with serum cholesterol in abstinent drug and alcohol dependent men. *Psychiatry Research*, *157*, 283-287.
- 40. **Stanford, M. S.** (2007). Demon or disorder: A survey of attitudes toward mental illness in the Christian church. *Mental Health, Religion and Culture, 10*, 445-449.
- 41. Mathias, C. W., Stanford, M. S., Marsh, D. M., Frick, P. J., Moeller, F. G., Swann, A. C., and Dougherty, D. M. (2007). Characterizing aggressive behavior with the Impulsive/Premeditated Aggression Scale among adolescents with Conduct Disorder. *Psychiatry Research*, 151, 231-242.
- 42. **Stanford, M. S.**, Conklin, S. M., Helfritz, L. E. and Kockler, T. R. (2007). P3 amplitude reduction and executive function deficits in men convicted of spousal/partner abuse. *Personality and Individual Differences*, *43*, 365-375.
- 43. Tsang, J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2007). Forgiveness for domestic violence: The influence of victim and offender variables. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 42, 653-664.
- Helfritz, L. E., Stanford, M. S., Greve, K. W., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Houston, R. J., and Conklin, S. M. (2006). Usefulness of self-report instruments in assessing men accused of domestic violence. *Psychological Record*, 56, 171-180.
- 45. Kockler, T. R., **Stanford, M. S.**, Nelson, C. E., Meloy, J. R. and Sanford, K. (2006). Characterizing aggressive behavior in a forensic population. *American Journal of Orthopsychiatry*, 76, 80-85.
- 46. Houston, R. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2006). Characterization of aggressive behavior and phenytoin response. *Aggressive Behavior*, *32*, 38-43.
- 47. Helfritz, L. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2006). Personality and psychopathology in an impulsive aggressive college sample. *Aggressive Behavior*, *32*, 28-37.
- 48. Greve, K. W., Stickle, T. R., Love, J. M., Bianchini, K. J. and Stanford, M. S. (2005). Latent structure of the Wisconsin Card Sorting Test: A confirmatory factor analytic study. *Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology*, 20, 355-364.
- Stanford, M. S., Helfritz, L. E., Conklin, S. M., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Greve, K. W., Adams, D. and Houston, R. J. (2005). A comparison of anticonvulsants in the treatment of impulsive aggression. *Experimental and Clinical Psychopharmacology*, 13,

72-77.

- Houston, R. J. and Stanford, M. S. (2005). Electrophysiological substrates of impulsiveness: Potential effects on aggressive behavior. *Progress in Neuropsychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry*, 29, 305-313.
- 51. Braverman, E. R., Blum, K. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2004). From brain science to brain based medicine. *Medical Hypotheses*, *63*, 919-920.
- 52. Chen, T. J. H., Blum, K., Payte, J. T., Schoolfield, J., Hopper, D., **Stanford, M.** and Braverman, E. R. (2004). Narcotic antagonists in drug dependence: Pilot study showing enhancement of compliance with SYN-10, amino-acid precursors and enkephalinase inhibition therapy. *Medical Hypotheses*, *63*, 538-548.
- 53. Mathias, C. W., **Stanford, M. S.** and Houston, R. J. (2004). The physiological experience of the Paced Auditory Serial Addition Task (PASAT): Does the PASAT induce Autonomic Arousal? *Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology*, *19*, 543-554.
- Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Stanford, M. S., Greve, K. W., Houston, R. J. and Mathias C. W. (2004). Obsessive compulsive personality disorder and behavioral disinhibition. *Journal of Psychology*, 138, 5-22.
- 55. Houston, R. J., Stanford, M. S., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Conklin, S. M. and Helfritz, L. E. (2003). Neurobiological correlates and clinical implications of aggressive subtypes. *Journal of Forensic Neuropsychology*, *3*, 67-87.
- Mathias, C. W. and Stanford, M. S. (2003). Impulsiveness and arousal: Heart rate under conditions of rest and challenge in healthy males. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 35, 355-371.
- Stanford, M. S., Houston, R. J., Mathias, C. W., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Helfritz, L. E. and Conklin, S. M. (2003). Characterizing aggressive behavior. *Assessment*, 10, 183-190.
- Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Stanford, M. S. and Greve, K. W. (2003). Language and executive function in self-reported impulsive aggression. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 34, 1533-1544.
- 59. **Stanford, M. S.**, Houston, R. J., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R. and Greve, K. W. (2003). Premeditated aggression: Clinical assessment and cognitive psychophysiology. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 34, 773-781.
- 60. Greve, K. W., Houston, R. J., Adams, D., **Stanford, M. S.**, Bianchini, K. J., Clancy, A. and Rabito, F. J. (2002). The neurobehavioral consequences of St. Louis Encephalitis infection: A case report. *Brain Injury*, *16*, 917-927.
- 61. Greve, K. W., Love, J., Sherwin, L., Stanford, M. S., Mathias, C. and Houston, R.

(2002). Cognitive strategy usage in long-term survivors of severe traumatic brain injury with persisting impulsive aggression. *Personality and Individual Differences*, *32*, 639-647.

- 62. Stanford, M. S., Houston, R. J., Mathias, C. W., Greve, K. W., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R. and Adams, D. (2001). A double-blind placebo-controlled crossover study of Phenytoin in individuals with impulsive aggression. *Psychiatry Research*, 103, 193-203.
- 63. **Stanford, M. S.**, Vasterling, J. J., Mathias, C. W., Constans, J. I. and Houston, R. J. (2001). Impact of threat relevance on P3 event-related potentials in combat-related posttraumatic stress disorder. *Psychiatry Research*, *102*, 125-137.
- 64. Greve, K. W., Sherwin, L., **Stanford, M. S.**, Mathias, C., Love, J. and Ramzinski, P. (2001). Personality and neurocognitive correlates of impulsive aggression in long–term survivors of severe traumatic brain injury. *Brain Injury*, *15*, 255-262.
- 65. Houston, R. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2001). Mid-latency evoked potentials in selfreported impulsive aggression. *International Journal of Psychophysiology*, 40, 1-15.
- 66. Mathias, C. W. and Stanford, M. S. (1999). P300 under standard and surprise conditions in self-reported impulsive aggression. *Progress in Neuropsychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry*, 23, 1037-1051.
- 67. Barratt, E. S., **Stanford, M. S.**, Dowdy, L., Liebman, M. J. and Kent, T. A. (1999). Impulsive and premeditated aggression: A factor analysis of self-reported acts. *Psychiatry Research*, *86*, 163-174.
- 68. Lawrence, J. B. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1999). Impulsivity and time of day: Effects on performance and cognitive tempo. *Personality and Individual Differences*, *26*, 199-208.
- 69. Greve, K. W, **Stanford, M. S.**, Foundas, A. L. and Sutton, C. (1999). Cognitive and emotional sequelae of cerebellar infarct: A case report. *Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology*, *14*, 455-469.
- Gerstle, J. E., Mathias, C. W. and Stanford, M. S. (1998). Auditory P300 and selfreported impulsive aggression. *Progress in Neuropsychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry*, 22, 575-583.
- Stanford, M. S., Greve, K. W. and Gerstle, J. E. (1997). Neuropsychological correlates of self-reported impulsive aggression in a college sample. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 23, 961-966.
- 72. Barratt, E. S., **Stanford, M. S.**, Felthous, A. R. and Kent, T. A. (1997). The effects of Phenytoin on impulsive and premeditated aggression: A controlled study. *Journal of*

Clinical Psychopharmacology, 17, 341-349.

- Barratt, E. S, Stanford, M. S., Kent, T. A. and Felthous, A. R. (1997). Neuropsychological and cognitive psychophysiological substrates of impulsive aggression. *Biological Psychiatry*, 41, 1045-1061.
- 74. Stanford, M. S., Greve, K. W., Boudreaux, J. K., Mathias, C. W. and Brumbelow, J. L. (1996). Impulsiveness and risk-taking behavior: Comparison of high school and college students using the Barratt Impulsiveness Scale. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 21, 1073-1075.
- 75. **Stanford, M. S.** and Barratt, E. S. (1996). Verbal skills, finger tapping and cognitive tempo define a second-order factor of temporal information processing. *Brain and Cognition*, *31*, 35-45.
- 76. Stanford, M. S., Greve, K. W. and Dickens, T. J. (1995). Irritability and impulsiveness: Relationship to self-reported impulsive aggression. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 19, 757-760.
- 77. Patton, J. H., **Stanford, M. S.** and Barratt, E. S. (1995). Factor structure of the Barratt Impulsiveness Scale. *Journal of Clinical Psychology*, *51*, 768-774.
- 78. Brown, D. L., Felthous, A. R., Barratt, E. S., Stanford, M. S. and Brown, L. A. (1994). The incompetent defendant: Support systems help avoid future legal problems. *Journal of Forensic Sciences*, 39, 1057-1068.
- 79. Hix, M., Ebner, D. L., **Stanford, M. S.**, Pantle, M., Kerr, J. A. and Patton, J. H. (1994). The Rorschach and personality classifications of the California Psychological Inventory. *Perceptual and Motor Skills*, 78, 142.
- 80. Huang, Z., **Stanford, M. S.** and Barratt, E. S. (1994). Blink rate related to impulsiveness and task demands during performance of event-related potential tasks. *Personality and Individual Differences, 16*, 645-648.
- 81. **Stanford, M. S.**, Ebner, D. L., Patton, J. H. and Williams, J. (1994). Multi-impulsivity within an adolescent psychiatric population. *Personality and Individual Differences*, *16*, 395-402.
- 82. Bovasso, G., Szalay, L., Biase, V. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1993). A graph theory model of the semantic basis of attitudes. *Journal of Psycholinguistic Research*, *4*, 411-425.
- 83. **Stanford, M. S.** and Patton, J. H. (1993). In utero exposure to fluoxetine HCl increases hematoma frequency at birth. *Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior, 45*, 959-962.
- 84. Stanford, M. S. and Barratt, E. S. (1992). Impulsivity and the multi-impulsive

personality disorder. Personality and Individual Differences, 13, 831-834.

II. Books:

Stanford, M. S. (2010). *The Biology of Sin: Grace, Hope and Healing for Those Who Feel Trapped.* Intervarsity Press.

Stanford, M. S. (2008). *Grace for the Afflicted: A Clinical and Biblical Perspective on Mental Illness*. Intervarsity Press.

III. Book Chapters:

Patton, J. H. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). Impulsivity. In A. Jamieson and A. Moenssens (Eds,), *Wiley Encyclopedia of Forensic Science*. New York, NY: John Wiley & Sons.

Patton, J. H. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). Psychology of impulsivity. In J. Grant and M. Potenza (Eds.), *The Oxford Handbook of Impulse Control Disorders*. New York, NY: Oxford University Press.

Stanford, M. S., Houston, R. J. and Barratt E. S. (2008). Psychophysiological correlates of psychopathic disorders. In A. R. Felthous and H. Sass (Eds.), *International Handbook on Psychopathic Disorders and the Law.* New York, NY: John Wiley & Sons.

Greve, K. W., Hartley, S. M., Houston, R. J., Bianchini, K. J., Adams, D. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2003). The Rey-Osterreith complex figure in patients with vascular lesions of the cerebellum. In J. A. Knight and E. F. Kaplan (Eds.), *The Handbook of Rey-Osterreith Complex Figure Usage: Clinical and Research Applications*. Odessa, FL: Psychological Assessment Resources.

Barratt, E. S. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1995). Impulsiveness. In C. G. Costello (Ed.), *Personality Characteristics of the Personality Disordered*. New York, NY: John Wiley & Sons.

Barratt, E. S., Kent, T. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1995). The role of biological variables in defining and measuring personality. In J. Ratey (Ed.), *Neuropsychiatry of Personality Disorders*. Cambridge, MA: Blackwell Scientific Publications. IV. Government Reports:

Magaletta, P. R., Dietz, E. F., Rosenmerkel, S. P. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2006). Inmate on staff assault: A descriptive analysis of incident dynamics and mental health. Correctional Programs Division, Psychology Services Report. Washington, D.C.: U. S. Department of Justice.

V. Invited Reviews / Editorials:

Stanford, M. S. (2010). Psychology, neuroscience and the American Scientific Affiliation. *Perspectives on Science and Christian Faith*, 62, 73-74.

Stanford, M. S. (1995). Is human intelligence a, b, c, d, e, f, or "g"? Contemporary

Psychology, 40, 860-861.

VI. Manuscripts Presently Submitted for Review:

Hunter, W. M. and Stanford, M. S. (2014). Adolescent mental health: The role of youth and college pastors. Submitted for review to *Child and Adolescent Mental Health*.

Felthous, A. R. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). A proposed algorithm for the pharmacotherapy of impulsive aggression. Submitted for review to the *Journal of the American Academy of Psychiatry and the Law*.

Farwell, L. L., Rogers, E. B., Dolan, S. L. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). The influence of culture and environment on mental health assessment: PAI infrequency (INF) scale performance. Submitted for review to *Journal of Community Psychology*.

Miles, S. R., Tharp, A. T., **Stanford, M. S.**, Sharp, C., Menefeel, D. and Kent, T. (2014). Emotion dysregulation as an underlying mechanism of impulsive aggression. Submitted for review to *Personality and Individual Differences*.

VII. Invited Presentations

The biology of sin. Genesis & Genetics: 2014 Faith and Science Conference, Springfield, MO (June, 2014).

Global need for trauma healing: 2014. Global Trauma Healing Community of Practice, Philadelphia, PA (March, 2014).

Contemporary evangelical engagement in the care of persons with mental illness. Walking Together: Christian Communities and Faithful Responses to Mental Illness, Houston, TX (February, 2014).

Anger management in older veterans with PTSD/TBI. AHEC Veterans Mental Health Project, Older Veterans Mental Health Workshop, Waco, TX (May, 2013). Equipping lay caregivers. Global Trauma Healing Community of Practice, Philadelphia, PA (March, 2013).

Understanding the dynamics of child sexual abuse for non-therapeutic professionals. Child Abuse: The Big Picture, Waco, TX (November, 2012).

The biology of sin: Reconciling the physical and spiritual nature. AACC National Christian Counseling Conference, Branson, MO (September, 2012).

Viewing mental illness through the eyes of faith. Planned Living Assistance Network, Nash Symposium, Austin, TX (September, 2012).

Therapeutic tools and skills. Benghazi Medical Center, Benghazi, Libya (June, 2012).

Acts of Mercy International - Libyan mental health response. Trauma and its Impact on Building the Rule of Law in Libya, United States Institute of Peace, Washington DC (May, 2012).

Viewing mental illness through the eyes of faith. Spiritual Crossroads: Faith, Mental Health and the African American Community, Hogg Foundation Robert Lee Sutherland Seminar, Ft. Worth, TX (May, 2012).

Mental health and recovery: What's faith got to do with it? Spiritual Crossroads: Faith, Mental Health and the African American Community, Hogg Foundation Robert Lee Sutherland Seminar, Ft. Worth, TX (May, 2012).

Post-traumatic stress disorder conference. Benghazi Medical Center, Benghazi, Libya (December, 2011).

War-related trauma and post-traumatic stress. Libyan International Medical University, Benghazi, Libya (October, 2011).

Hope and mental illness: A perspective through the eyes of faith. No Need among You: Including the Excluded Conference, Waco, TX (September, 2011).

Mindful of grace: Mental illness and the church. No Need among You: Including the Excluded Conference, Waco, TX (October, 2010).

Relating impulsivity to the culpable mental states. Texas Criminal Defense Attorneys Association, Forensics Seminar, Dallas, TX (October, 2010).

Viewing mental illness through the eyes of faith. Comfort and Hope: An Ecumenical Conference Exploring Christian Responses to Suffering, Brock University, St. Catharines, Ontario (August, 2010).

Relating impulsivity to the culpable mental states. The Mind and Criminal Defense Conference, Center for American and International Law, Plano, TX (July, 2010). Mental illness: Including the excluded. No Need among You: Including the Excluded Conference, Waco, TX (September, 2009).

Demon or disorder: Perceptions of serious mental illness in the local church. Providence Hospital, Waco, TX (August, 2009).

The role of impulsivity in criminal behavior. The Mind and Criminal Defense Conference, Center for American and International Law, Plano, TX (July, 2009).

Characterizing aggressive behavior: Implications for evaluation and treatment. Providence Hospital, Waco, TX (March, 2009).

Characterizing aggressive behavior: Implications for evaluation and treatment. Balancing Risk and Recovery Conference, St. Joseph's Healthcare / McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario

(April, 2007).

Assessing and treating the aggressive individual: The importance of subtyping. CE Workshop, Balancing Risk and Recovery Conference, St. Joseph's Healthcare / McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario (April, 2007).

Characterizing aggressive behavior: Implications for evaluation and treatment. Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston, Houston, TX (September, 2006).

Subtypes of aggression in intimate partner violence. Department of Psychology (Clinical Psychology Faculty), Texas A & M University, College Station, TX (April, 2006).

Assessing and treating aggressive behavior: The importance of subtyping, Department of Psychology (Social Psychology Faculty), Texas A & M University, College Station, TX (October, 2005).

Alzheimer's disease and aggression, Heart of Texas, Waco Area Gerontological Society, Waco, TX (May, 2005).

The violent brain. Cabrini Lecture Series, New York County Medical Society, New York, NY (November, 2004).

Assessing and treating impulsive aggressive. Annual meeting of the American Correctional Association, New Orleans, LA (January, 2004).

Characterizing, assessing and treating aggressive behavior. CE workshop, 23rd annual meeting of the National Academy of Neuropsychology. Dallas, TX (October, 2003).

Characterizing aggressive behavior. Federal Bureau of Prisons, High security meeting. Springfield, MO (June, 2003).

Characterizing and treating aggressive behavior. Department of Psychology, Tulane University, New Orleans, LA (February, 2003).

A clinically useful nosology of aggressive behavior. Federal Bureau of Prisons, Advanced CE training for forensic, neuro and behavior medicine psychologists. Scottsdale, AZ (September 2002).

Assessing and treating the aggressive individual. Pre-conference CE workshop, 2nd Biannual International Conference on Personal Meaning, Vancouver, BC (July, 2002).

Aggressive behavior: From laboratory to clinic. Department of Psychology, Trinity Western University, Langley, BC (January, 2002).

Defining and treating impulsive aggressive behavior. Department of Psychology, Brock University, St. Catharines, Ontario (November, 2001).

Critical issues in managing aggression/violence. Workshop on approaches to aggressive behavior in correctional facilities. Dreyfus Health Foundation, New York, NY (January, 2001).

The impulsive aggressive brain. Workshop on hostility and aggression, Rockefeller University, New York, NY (February, 1998).

VIII. Presentations at Professional Meetings:

Farwell, L. Rogers, E. B., Dolan, S. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). Examining the PAI infrequency scale: Attending to environment and culture in psychological assessment. Presented at the annual meeting of the Texas Psychological Association, Dallas, TX.

Tenneson, M., Bundrick, D. R. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). Faith and science integration: Surveys and findings. In D. R. Bundrick & S. Badger (Eds.), *Genesis & Genetics: Proceedings* of the 2014 Faith & Science Conference (pp. 319-352). Springfield, MO: Logion Press.

Rogers, E. B. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). Living grace for mental illness: A church-based, religiously integrated psychoeducational group. Presented at the annual meeting of the Christian Association for Psychological Science, Atlanta, GA.

Farwell, L. Rogers, E. B., Dolan, S. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2014). Examining the PAI-A infrequency scale: Attending to environment and culture in psychological assessment with a juvenile justice sample. Presented at the biennial meeting of the Society for Research on Adolescents, Austin, TX.

Rogers, E. B. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2013). A psychoeducational group at church: Proven concepts in a new setting. Presented at the annual meeting of the Texas Psychological Association, Houston, TX.

Langberg, D., Monroe, P., Hill, H. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2013). Addressing trauma in international settings: Three models in dialogue. Presented at the annual meeting of the American Association of Christian Counselors, Nashville, TN.

Stanford, M. S. (2013). Pharmacological treatment of impulsive aggression. Presented at the annual meeting of the International Congress on Law and Mental Health, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

Rogers, E., Bowers, J., Hunter, W. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2013). Prayer at practicum: Ethical dilemmas at faith-based training sites. Presented at the annual meeting of the Christian Association for Psychological Studies, Portland, OR.

Breuninger, M., Rogers, E., Yuvarajan, E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2012). Psychology and the faith community: Collaborating with churches and clergy. Presented at the annual meeting of the Texas Psychological Association, Austin, TX.

Young, K. A., Lake, S., Wan, L., Brower, E., Anderson, N. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2012). Blunted and accentuated modulation of startle by happy vs fearful faces in individuals with high trait psychopathy. Presented at the annual meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, New Orleans, LA.

Yuvarajan, E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). Attitudes and beliefs toward mental illness in the Christian community. Presented at the annual meeting of the Texas Psychological Association, San Antonio, TX.

Rogers, E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). The effects of mental illness on families within faith communities. Presented at the annual meeting of the Texas Psychological Association, San Antonio, TX.

Anderson, N. E., Riela, S. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). Voluntary and involuntary differences of emotional content: Psychopaths exhibit conditional affective modulation of ERP components in a target detection task. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *48* (suppl), S65.

Lake, S. L. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2011). Resting frontal cortical activity and impulsive aggression. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), 48 (suppl), S29.

Sheftall, A., Mathias, C. W., Hill-Kapturczak, N., Javors, M., **Stanford, M. S.** and Dougherty, D. M. (2011). Multiple serotonin markers, psychiatric inpatient status, and self-reported impulsivity. Presented at the annual meeting of the International Society for Research on Impulsivity, San Francisco, CA.

Anderson, N. E., **Stanford, M. S.**, Wan, L. and Young, K. A. (2010). Antisocial traits predict reduced rates of habituation to an acoustic startle probe. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *47* (suppl), S69.

Steinberg, L., Sharp, C. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2010). New tricks for an old measure: The development of the Brief Impulsiveness Scale (BIS-Brief). Presented at the 8th annual meeting of the Society for Multivariate Experimental Psychology, Atlanta, GA.

Young, K. A., Harrington, G. S., **Stanford, M. S.**, Jamroz, R., Wan, L., Kressin, M., Miller, L. J., Keele, N. B. and Hicks, P. B. (2010). Childhood trauma and thalamic enlargement: Suspended maturation of the thalamocortical system associated with enhanced levels of neurotrophins. Presented at the 40th annual meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, San Diego, CA.

Sejud, L., Dolan, S. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2010). Binge drinking, alcohol expectancies, impulsivity and aggression in college students. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research* (abstr), *34*, 51A.

Teten, A. L., Sharp, C., **Stanford, M. S.**, Lake, S., Raine, A. and Kent, T. A. (2010). Correspondence of aggressive behavior classifications using the Impulsive Premeditated Aggression Scale and the Reactive Proactive Questionnaire. Presented at the 19th biennial meeting of the International Society for Research on Aggression, Storrs, CN.

Gartner, A. M, Dolan, S. L., **Stanford, M. S.** and Elkins, G. R. (2010). Hypnosis in the treatment of Morgellons disease: A case study. Presented at the annual meeting of the Texas Psychological Association, Dallas, TX.

Wan, L., Baldridge, R. M., Colby, A. M. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2009). Enhanced intensity dependence and aggressive behavior history indicate previous ecstasy use in abstinent polydrug users. *Journal of Clinical EEG and Neuroscience* (abstr), *40*, 300.

Anderson, N. E., Wan, L., Cockcroft, K., Price, J., Young, K. A. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2009). Startle habituation as a correlate of sensation seeking and psychopathic traits. Presented at the 39th annual meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, Chicago, IL.

Stanford, M. S. and Philpott, D. (2009). Perceptions and knowledge of mental illness in the local church: A survey of Texas Baptist pastors. Presented at the 64th annual meeting of the American Scientific Affiliation, Waco, TX.

Martindale, S., Dolan, S. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2009). PAI profiles of substance abusing female domestic violence offenders. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research* (abstr), *33*, 53A.

Wan, L., Anderson, N. E., Davies, J. D., Price, J., Young, K. A. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2008). Association between eyeblink startle responses to facial expressions and psychopathic traits in young normal subjects. Presented at the 38th annual meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, Washington, DC.

Anderson, N. E., Wan, L., Davies, J. D., Young, K. A. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2008). Psychophysiological correlates of high psychopathic traits in a non-incarerated college sample. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *45* (suppl), S49.

Stanford, M. S. (2008). Demon or disorder: Perceptions of serious mental illness in the local church. Presented at the 63rd annual meeting of the American Scientific Affiliation, Newberg, OR.

Dolan, S. L., Baldridge, R. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2008). Neuropsychological function and relapse prevention coping skills: Effectiveness in substance abusers in residential treatment. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research* (abstr), *32*, 196A.

Schlienz, N. J., Houston, R. J. and **Stanford, M.S.** (2008). Alcohol dependence, impulsive aggression, and increasing task demand: A P3 study. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research* (abstr), *32*, 177A.

Baldridge, R. M. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2007). P3 amplitude predicts treatment compliance in substance dependent individuals. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *44* (suppl), S62.

Colby, M. A. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2007). Working memory and impulsive aggression. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), 44 (suppl), S63.

Houston, R. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2006). Effects of impulsive aggression and substance dependence on cognitive set-shifting: A P3 study. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *43* (suppl), S48.

Helfritz, L. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2006). Looking for trouble? Processing of threat cues in impulsive and premeditated aggression: An event-related potential study. Presented at the 17th biennial meeting of the International Society for Research on Aggression, Minneapolis, MN.

Stanford, M. S. and Baldridge, R. M. (2006). Subtypes of aggression in intimate partner violence. Symposium: The bimodal classification of aggression: Developmental implications and clinical efficacy. Presented at the 17th biennial meeting of the International Society for Research on Aggression, Minneapolis, MN.

Gikas, G. J., Houston, R. J., Schlienz, N. J., Capuana, L. J., and **Stanford, M. S.** (2006). Diverse Axis II Psychopathology in an Impulsive Aggressive Community Sample. Presented at the 18th annual meeting of the Association for Psychological Science, New York, NY.

Capuana, L. J., Houston, R. J., Schlienz, N. J., Gikas, G. J., and **Stanford, M. S.** (2006). Reduced P300 Amplitude in Impulsive Aggressive Individuals. Presented at the 18th annual meeting of the Association for Psychological Science, New York, NY.

Stanford, M. S. (2005). Losing control: Assessing and treating impulsive aggressive behavior. Symposium: The importance of impulsiveness as a construct: Presentations in honor of Ernest S. Barratt. Presented at the 1st annual meeting of the International Society for Research on Impulsivity and Impulse Control Disorders, Washington, DC.

Schlienz, N. J., Houston, R. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2005). The P3 as an index of perseverative responding in impulsive aggression. Presented at the 1st annual meeting of the International Society for Research on Impulsivity and Impulse Control Disorders, Washington, DC.

Conklin, S. M. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2005). The relationship of impulsiveness, aggression and serum cholesterol in abstinent cocaine dependent men. Presented at the 1st annual meeting of the International Society for Research on Impulsivity and Impulse Control Disorders, Washington, DC.

Stanford, M. S. (2005). Assessing and treating aggressive behavior: The importance of subtyping. Symposium: Impulsive aggression and criminal responsibility. Presented at the 158th annual meeting of the American Psychiatric Association, Atlanta, GA.

Houston, R. J. and Stanford, M. S. (2005). Relationship of problem drinking to personality

pathology in intimate partner violence. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research* (abstr), 29 (suppl), 34A.

Stanford, M. S., Baldridge, R. M., Hampton, E. D., Hindle, A. and Houston, R. J. (2005). A multi-factorial approach to assessing impulsiveness. Presented at the 51st annual meeting of the Southwestern Psychological Association, Memphis, TN.

Kockler, T. R., Conklin, S. M., Helfritz, L. E., **Stanford, M. S.** and Rudd, M. D. (2004). Usefulness of a newly developed standardized battery of executive functioning in a group of probable Alzheimer's Disease patients. Presented at the 24th annual meeting of the National Academy of Neuropsychology, Seattle, WA.

Stanford, M. S., Conklin, S. M., Helfritz, L. E. and Kockler, T. R. (2004). Neurocognitive substrates of domestic violence. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *41* (suppl), S69.

Kockler, T. R. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2004). An examination of executive functioning in individuals accused of domestic violence. Presented at the 50th annual meeting of the Southwestern Psychological Association, San Antonio, TX.

Stanford, M. S. (2003). A clinically useful nosology for characterizing aggressive behavior. Symposium: Impulsive aggression: Science and the law. Presented at the annual meeting of the American Academy of Psychiatry and the Law, San Antonio, TX.

Stanford, M. S., Conklin, S. M. and Helfritz, L. E. (2003). P3 amplitude as an index of severity in impulsive aggressive behavior. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *40* (suppl), S83.

Stanford, M. S. and Houston, R. J. (2003). Psychophysiological substrates of impulsive and premeditated aggression. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *40* (suppl), S8.

Stanford, M. S. (2003). Evoked and event-related potential differences related to impulsive aggressive behavior. Symposium: Electrophysiological substrates of impulsivity and impulse control disorders. Presented at the 5th annual meeting of the EEG and Clinical Neuroscience Society, Houston, TX.

Greve, K. W., Stickle, T. R., Love, J. M., Brennan, A., Heinly, M. T., Bianchini, K. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2003). Confirmatory factor analysis of the Wisconsin Card Sorting Test using non-overlapping variables. *Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society* (abstr), *9*, 292.

Houston, R. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2002). Photic driving in aggressive and impulsive individuals. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *39* (suppl), S43.

Conklin, S. M. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2002). Differences in the late positive potential during an affective picture task in impulsive aggressive individuals. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *39* (suppl), S27.

Stanford, M. S. (2002). Perceived control: Placebo effects in individuals treated for impulsive aggressive behavior. Presented at the 2nd Biannual International Conference on Personal Meaning, Vancouver, BC.

Conklin, S. M., Houston, R. J., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Helfritz, L. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2002). Emotional processing and impulsive aggression: An event-related potential study. Presented at the 48th annual meeting of the Southeastern Psychological Association, Orlando, FL.

Helfritz, L. E., Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., Houston, R. J., Conklin, S. M., **Stanford, M. S.** and Greve, K. W. (2002). Usefulness of self-reports in assessing violence potential: Validity issues. Presented at the 48th annual meeting of the Southeastern Psychological Association, Orlando, FL.

Greve, K. W., Stickle, T. R., Love J. M., Heinly, M. T., Brennan, A., Vitone, N., Bianchini, K. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2002). Confirmatory factor analysis of the Wisconsin Card Sorting Test. *Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society* (abstr), *8*, 153.

Houston, R. J. and **Stanford, M. S.** (2001). Cortical augmenting: Modality differences in relation to personality traits. *Society for Neuroscience*, 27, 742.3.

Stanford, M. S. (2001). Impact of threat relevance on P3 event-related potentials. Symposium: ERP/Startle responding to trauma-relevant and control stimuli in PTSD. Presented at the 17th annual meeting of the International Society for Traumatic Stress Studies, New Orleans, LA.

Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., **Stanford, M. S.** and Houston, R. J. (2001). Physiological reactivity and impulsive aggression. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *38* (suppl), S98.

Stanford, M. S., Greve, K. W., Mathias, C. W., Houston, R. J. and Villemarette-Pittman, N. (2001). Characterizing aggressive behavior: Nosology and assessment. Presented at the 47th annual meeting of the Southeastern Psychological Association, Atlanta, GA.

Vasterling, J., Constans, J., Duke, L., **Stanford, M. S.** and Mathias, C. (2001). Attentional bias to threat in PTSD: Relation to attention in neutral contexts. *Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society* (abstr), *7*, 155.

Villemarette-Pittman, N. R., **Stanford, M. S**. and Greve, K. W. (2001). Language and executive function in impulsive aggressive college students. *Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society* (abstr), *7*, 218.

Houston, R. J., Greve, K. W., Adams, D., **Stanford, M. S.**, Rabito, F., Bianchini, K. J. and Clancy, A. (2001). Neurobehavioral consequences of St. Louis encephalitis infection: A case report. *Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society* (abstr), *7*, 173.

Greve, K. W., Sherwin, L., **Stanford, M. S.**, Mathias, C., Love, J. Ramzinski, P., Houston, R. and Levy, J. (2001). Neurocognitive and personality correlates of impulsive aggression in chronic severe TBI. *Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society* (abstr), *7*, 181.

Stanford, M. S., Vellenga, D. R. and Filling, S. M. (2000). Personality traits and investors' risk perception. *Proceedings of the American Academy of Accounting and Finance*, 7, 334.

Houston, R. J., Greve, K. W., **Stanford, M. S.**, Adams, D. and Bianchini, K. J. (2000). Cerebellar patients exhibit lateralized cognitive deficits. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts*, *26* (2), 2005.

Mathias, C. W., **Stanford, M. S.**, Vasterling, J. J., Constans, J. I. and Houston, R. J. (2000). Selective information processing among Vietnam veterans with post-traumatic stress disorder: A P300 manipulation. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *37* (suppl), S68.

Houston, R. J., Mathias, C. W., Johnston, M. S., Villemarette-Pittman, N. and **Stanford**, **M. S.** (2000). The effect of Phenytoin on mid-latency evoked potentials in impulsive aggression. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *37* (suppl), S49.

Houston, R. J. and **Stanford**, **M. S.** (1999). Mid-latency event-related potentials in self-reported impulsive aggression. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts*, 25 (1), 875.

Stanford, M. S., Greve, K. W., Mathias, C. W and Houston, R. J. (1998). Murderers not guilty by reason of insanity and impulsive aggressive psychiatric outpatients: An EEG/ERP comparison. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), *35* (suppl), S79.

Mathias, C. W. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1997). Visual evoked P300 differences in impulsive aggressive individuals. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts*, 23 (2), 1316.

Gerstle, J. E. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1996). Auditory P300 and impulsive aggression. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts*, *26* (1), 239.

Greve, K. W., **Stanford, M. S.**, Sutton, C. L. and Foundas, A. L. (1996). Cognitive dysfunction following cerebellar stroke: A case study. Presented at the 16th annual meeting of the National Academy of Neuropsychology, New Orleans, LA.

Kunen, S., **Stanford, M. S.** and Overstreet, S. (1996). Personality constructs and the child abuse potential inventory. Presented at the 4th National Colloquium of the American Professional Society on the Abuse of Children, Chicago, IL.

Barratt, E. S., **Stanford, M. S.**, Kent, T. and Felthous, A. (1994). Phenytoin normalizes ERPs among impulsive aggressive inmates. Presented at the 7th annual meeting of the European College of Neuropsychopharmacology, Jerusalem, Israel.

Barratt, E. S., **Stanford, M. S.**, Felthous, A. and Kent, T. (1993). Impulsive aggression and cortical dysfunction. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, 19* (1), 564.

Ebner, D. L., Hix, M., **Stanford, M. S.**, Pantle, M., Kerr, D. and Patton, J. H. (1993). Descriptive Rorschach data in non-offender inpatient adolescents. Presented at the annual meeting of the Society for Personality Assessment, San Francisco, CA.

Stanford, M. S., Gilbert, M., Mills, L. and Patton, J. H. (1992). Effects of chronically administered fluoxetine HCl during gestation on Sprague-Dawley offspring. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts*, *18* (2), 1300.

Barratt, E. S., **Stanford, M. S.** and Kent, T. (1991). The effects of phenytoin on frontal and parietal event related potentials among impulsive aggressive prisoners. Presented at the annual meeting of the American Electroencephalographic Society, Philadelphia, PA.

Barratt, E. S., **Stanford, M. S.** and Kent, T. (1991). Parietal late slow wave complex differences between impulsive aggressive prisoners and controls. *Psychophysiology* (abstr), 28 (suppl), S10.

Barratt, E. S., Kent, T. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1991). The effects of phenytoin on event related potential among impulsive aggressive prisoners. Presented at the 3rd International Brain Research Organization World Congress of Neuroscience, Montreal, Canada.

Barratt, E. S., Kent, T., Bryant, S., Felthous, A. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1990). Phenytoin improves brain function among impulsive aggressive prisoners. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, 16* (1), 141.

Patton, J. H. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1990). Effects of Promethazine HCl administration to gravid rats on the behavior of offspring. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, 16* (1), 34.

Stanford, M. S. and Patton, J. H. (1989). Effects of promethazine HCl administration to gravid rats on brain amine levels in offspring. *Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, 15* (2), 1018.

Stanford, M. S. and Patton, J. H. (1988). Effects of administering promethazine to pregnant rats on brain amine levels of offspring. Presented at the 64th annual meeting of the Southwestern and Rocky Mountain Division of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, Wichita, KS.

Patton, J. H. and **Stanford, M. S.** (1988). Promethazine administration during pregnancy causes changes in brain amine level. Presented at the 34th annual meeting of the Southwestern Psychological Association, Tulsa, OK.

Stanford, M. S. and Patton, J. H. (1987). Effects of administering promethazine to pregnant rats on brain norepinephrine and dopamine levels of pups. Presented at the 90th annual meeting of the Texas Academy of Science, Huntsville, TX.